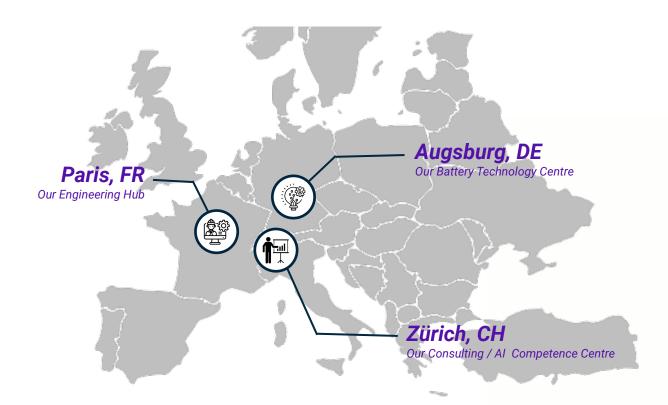


Introduction to Sphere-Energy

International team of battery and data experts.





We are a group of battery experts keen here to solve the toughest challenges in the battery value chain

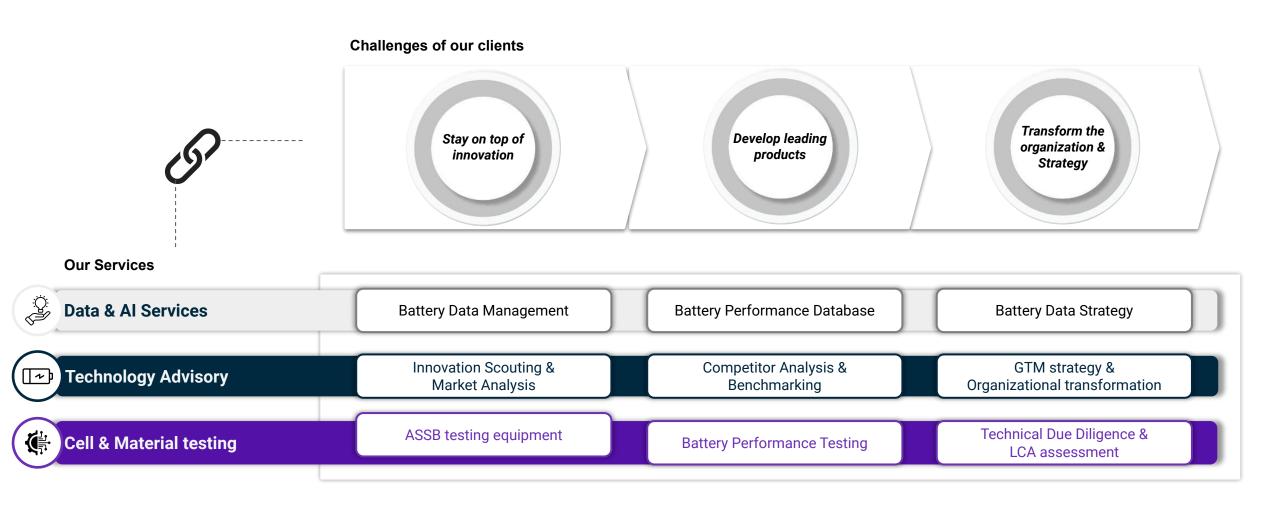
- International team with 3 locations and a 500 m² **Technology Centre in Germany**
- A team of 20 people with global experience in electrochemistry, battery technology, data analytics & Al
- We are **scientists**, **engineers** and data **experts** with more than 15 years of experience
- Industry thought leaders guide us along our growth trajectory as part of the advisory board



Leverage the battery to win!

Addressing the key challenges of the battery market

We accelerate the success of our clients and differentiate us through domain expertise & data.



Cell Testing & Engineering



And why do I have something to say about SSBs?

We are Boosting research on SSBs through practical setups - from lab-scale to prototypes.

ASC test setups for solid-state batteries

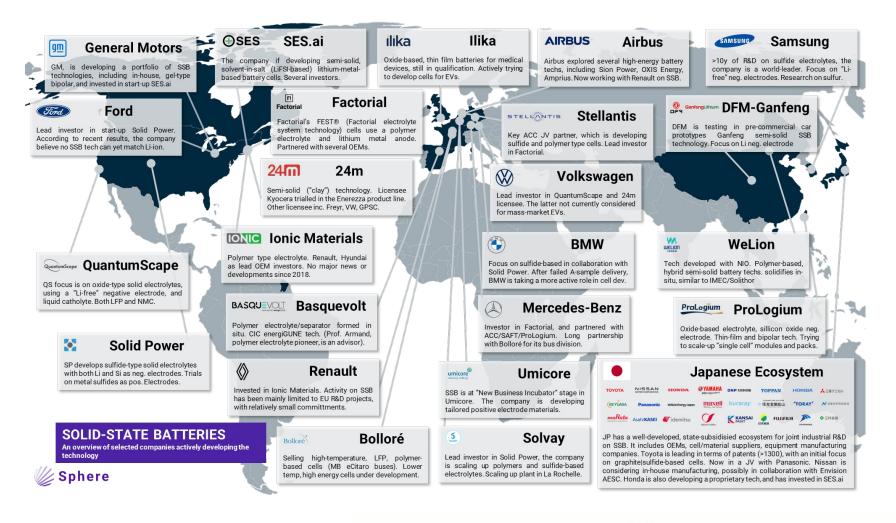


Providing essential features for R&D

- High-pressure sample densification
- **Pressure monitoring**
- **Swelling monitoring**
- Fixed thickness or fixed force test configurations
- Ionic conductivity
- Surface resistance
- Coupling with gas analysis

Solid State Batteries... where do we start

Significant commitments and robust momentum within this market.

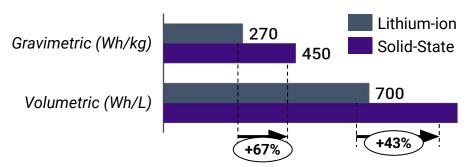


Solid-State technology, big potential, still to be proven on all levels!



Three claims that still need to be validated!

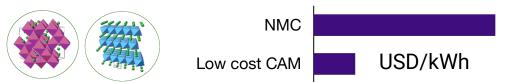
Beating Li-lon energy density by using lithium metal



Improved safety and wider stability range



3 Enabling new cathode chemistries



A competitive solid-state cell would require:

- Next-gen. Li-ion cells (e.g., SiOx-C || NMCA) > 300 Wh/kg
- <20 um separator
- >4 mAh/cm² CAM areal capacity
- Low solid catholyte (e.g., 10%)
- N/P of 1.1 at most
- Operate at room temperature and pressure

Safety Challenges:

- Electrolytes can undergo combustion (inc. ceramic, S and P oxidation) and/or hydrolyze (e.g., H₂S generation)
- Release energy in the form of heat (e.g., due to short circuit)

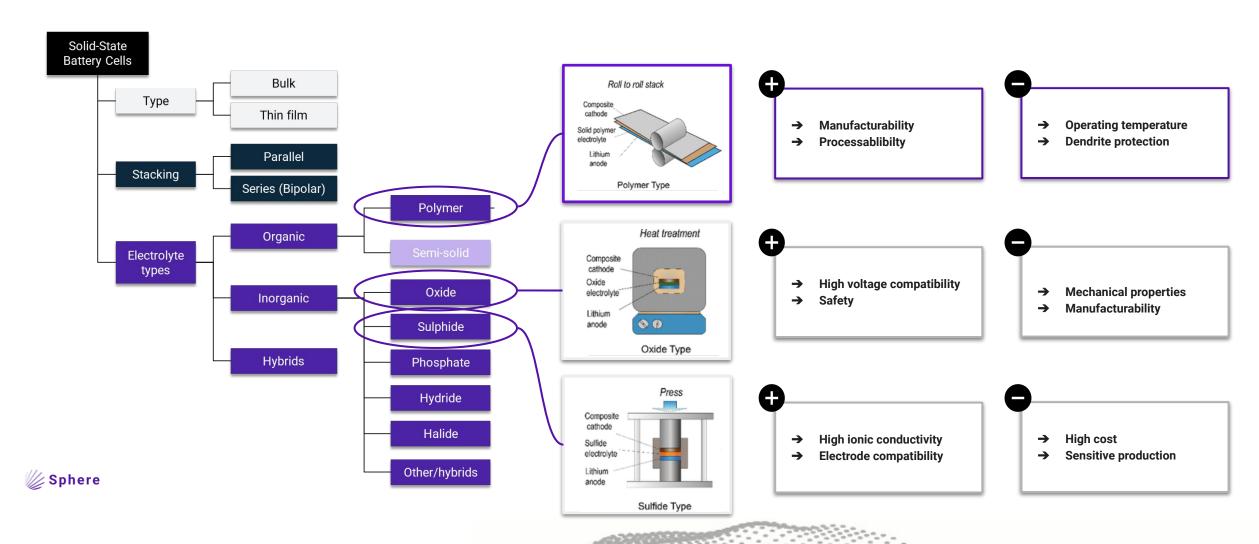
High voltage stability:

- High voltage stabilities
- No liquid catholyte



One step back - what are actually Solid State Batteries?

Which technology do we refer to?



......

It's currently hard to judge where we stand

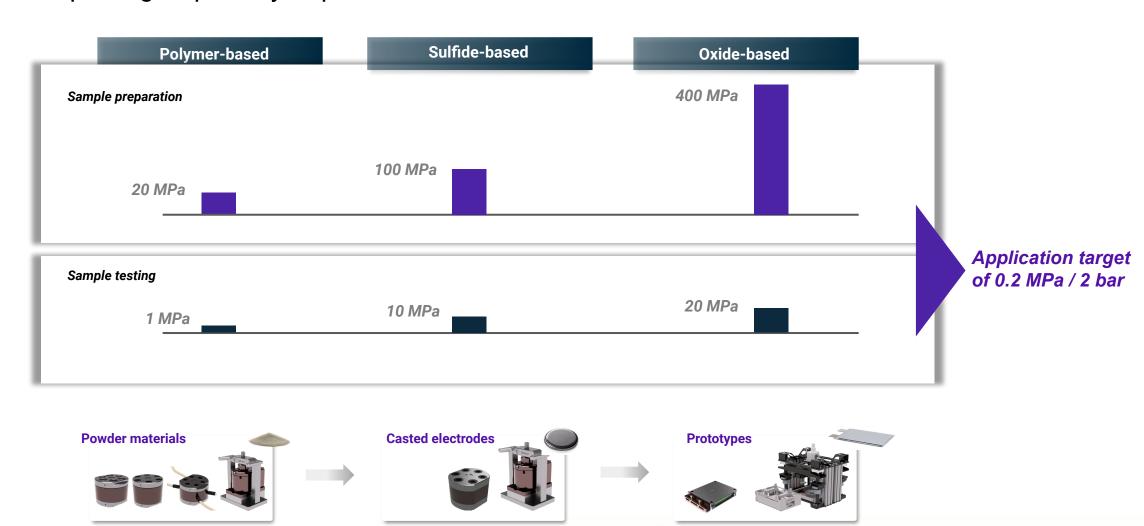
Available data is inconclusive - battery manufacturers are in a difficult position.

Company	Key Performance Indicators								
	Cell Size	Safety Testing	Energy (cell)	Energy (System)	Cycle Life	Current/Power (Peak)*	Current/Power (Prolonged)*	Temperature	Pressure
GanfengLithium	Up to 120 Ah (Gen1)	Passed GB38031- 2020	240 Wh/kg, 500 Wh/L (Gen.1)	160 Wh/kg (Pack)	1500	3C, 150 kW (pack)	1C, 50 kW (pack)	-20 to 60 °C	N/A (standard expected)
⊕SES	Up to 102 Ah (untested) 50 Ah (Preliminary test)	Only for transport (UN38.3, IATF)	Up to 300-350 Wh/kg (initial), ca. 700 Wh/L	N/A	200	3C (unclear power)	C/3, ca. 60-70 W	-10 to 45 °C	N/A (likely above standard, i.e., likely 3-10 atm based or 3 rd parties)
24 m	N/A (5-10Ah estimated)	N/A	N/A (150-170 Wh/kg, 250-350 Wh/L estimated based on patents)	N/A	N/A (2-10k expected)	N/A (Likely low)	N/A (Likely low)	-20 to 40 °C	N/A
ProLogium	50 Ah	N/A	Depends on SiOx percentage. From 240 Wh/kg, 600 Wh/L to 300 Wh/kg, 700 Wh/L	180 Wh/kg, 370 Wh/L	500-700	5C (format unclear)	C/3	-20 to 45 °C	Undisclosed (above the standard expected)
QuantumScape	1-5Ah	N/A	N/A	N/A	800	5C (small format only)	1C	-10 to 45 °C	1-5 atm
Bolloré	105 Ah	Passed	255 Wh/kg, 380 Wh/L	255 Wh/L (Module)	3500 (70% DOD)	N/A	C/4 (charge) 1C (discharge)	≥ 60 to 105 °C (heating always required)	N/A (standard expected)
WELION THAT IS	30 Ah	Passed	270 Wh/kg, 600 Wh/L	250 Wh/lg, 490 Wh/L (Module)	1200-1500	N/A	2C (charge), 5C (discharge)	0 to 45 °C (Charge) -20 to 55 °C (Discharge)	N/A (standard expected)
[r] Factorial	40 Ah (graphite) 20-100 Ah (Li)	N/A	N/A	N/A	1500 (graphite) N/A (Li)	N/A	0.5C	Room temperature	N/A
BASQUEVOLT tools occumposed	1 Ah (multilayer)	N/A	460 Wh/kg, 960 Wh/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	C/5	25 to 40 °C	2 to 3 atm
TOYOTA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SAMSUNG	>5-15 Ah	N/A	420 Wh/kg, 900 Wh/L	N/A	> 1000	N/A	0.5C	≥ 45-60°C	Undisclosed (above the standard expected)
×	20 Ah	N/A	390 Wh/kg, 900 Wh/L (Roadmap, Si Cell)	N/A	200-1000 (Coin cell, mAh)	2C (Coin cell, mAh)	C/5	≥ 29-60°C	Undisclosed (5-20 atm expected)



Every technology needs its own conditions - its hard to compare!

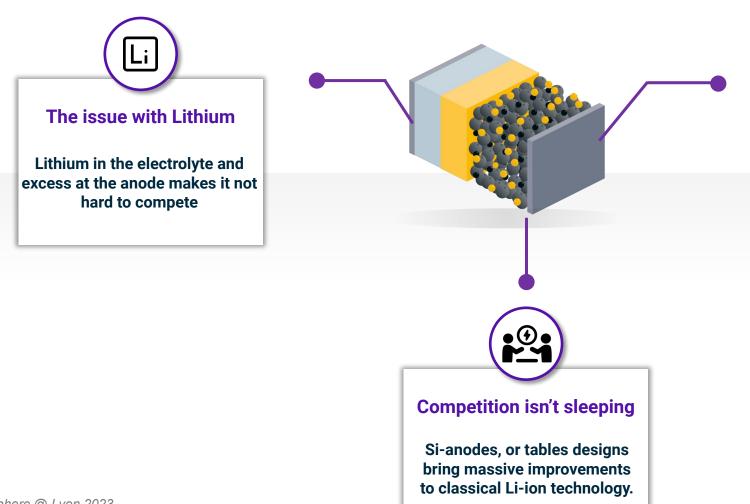
Detailed reporting, especially of pressures is essential to draw conclusions.





Three major challenges for the commercialization of SSB's

Let's look outside of interface challenges and electrolyte scale-up.



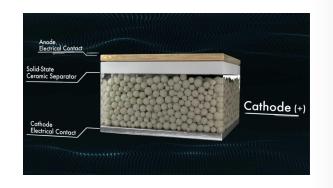
"Just drop it in"

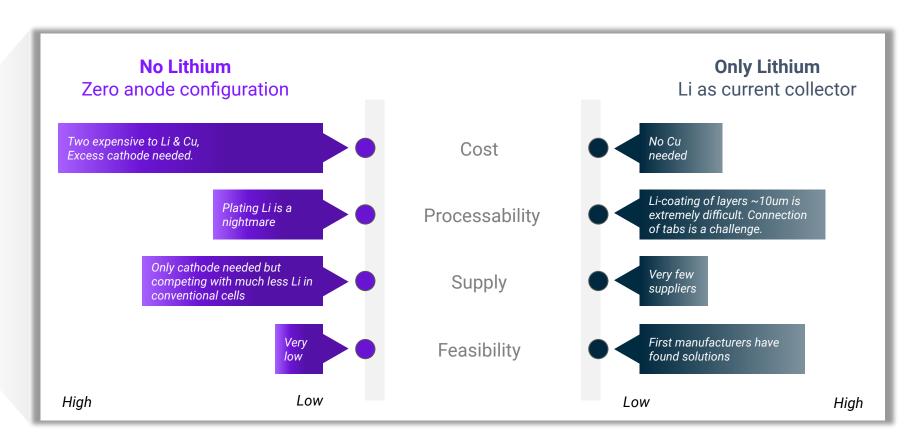
Battery production is super sensitive and dropping in a new component only works on paper.

The issue with metallic lithium anodes



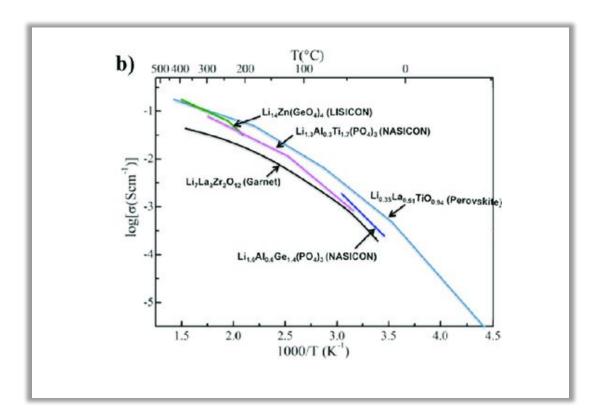
A metallic Li-anode sounds amazing, but is really challenging!

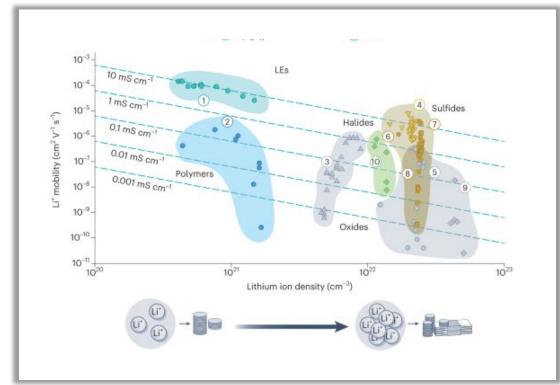




The issue with high Lithium contents in the electrolyte

We often forget that most of the solid electrolytes also contain Lithium.





Almost every SSB contains large amounts of Lithium...

...more Lithium = higher cost!

Ref: Recent Advancements in Li-Ion Conductors for All-Solid-State Li-Ion Batteries, ACS Energy Letters 2(12)

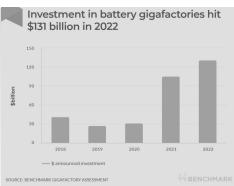
Ref: Challenges in speeding up solid-state battery development, Nature Energy, 8, pages 230 – 240 (2023)



"Just drop it in."

It is not that easy with our complex battery production processes!



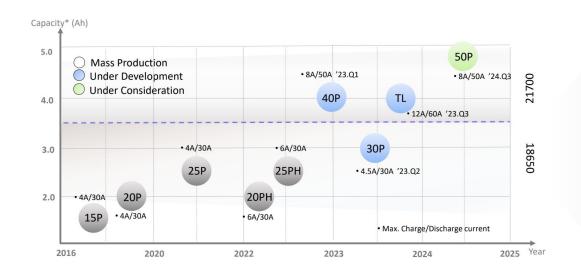






Competition isn't sleeping!

Classical Li-Ion cells undergo massive improvements in terms of power and energy density!

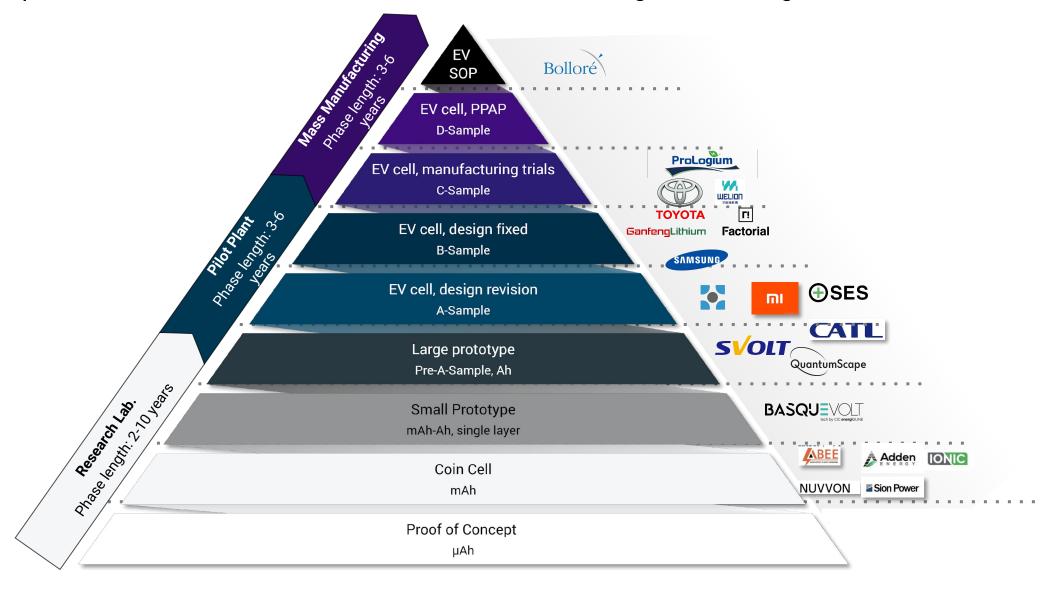






Most of the industry is still in the R&D phase - and it simply takes time!

Keep in mind that most news have to be looked at through the "R&D glasses".



5 winning criteria that need to be met for SSB to take over!

Key challenges for SSB to compete in the battery market.

Key takeaways



Performance & safety are measured on pack level!

Beneficial thermal properties can lead to a significant advantage eliminating the need for sophisticated BTMS



True sustainability can be a large asset!

Design the batteries for sustainability is a key driver for the success of this technology in the EU and US.

> Request a demo Sphere's LCA assessment



Fast charging 3C is a must!

Fast charging is essential for the adoption of customers in the current markets.



Meeting the price point of LIBs is key!

SSBs need to meet the performance and come closer in cost to LIBs - especially in the OEM market



Leverage all the existing data properly!

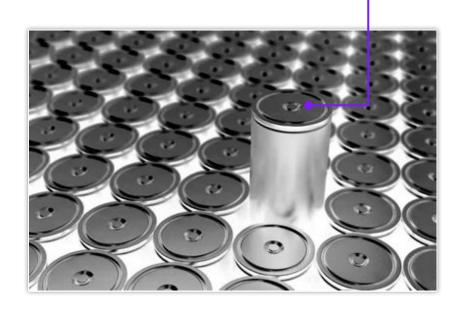
We have so much info lying around in data centres - let's build the right architecture and leverage AI to become more efficient!

> Request a demo Sphere's Data Mgmt & AI Services

What does industry really care about?



From a business perspective new technologies have it really hard to challenge Li-Ion cells.



What makes a battery tech successful?

- **Solid value proposition:** no body cares whats inside a battery - it simply has to do the job!
- Attractive cost: be ready to beat Li-lon
- **Good manufacturability**: Can I manufacture it in my line - Billions of dollars need to be amortized

We love science but the battery has become a business! We have to play by the rules!

